

Thoughts and Observations

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W.E. Upjohn Institute for Employment Research

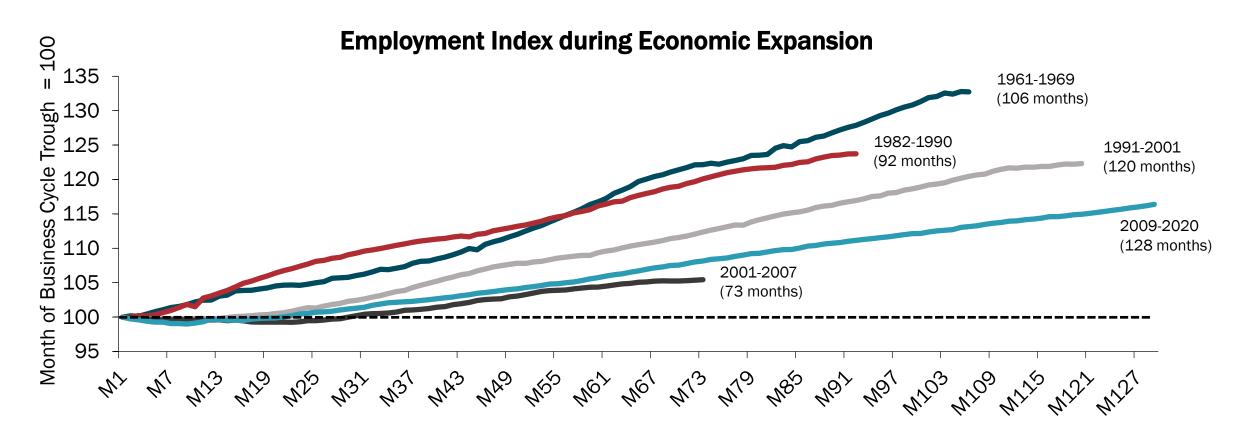
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We are at the end of the longest economic expansion since WWII



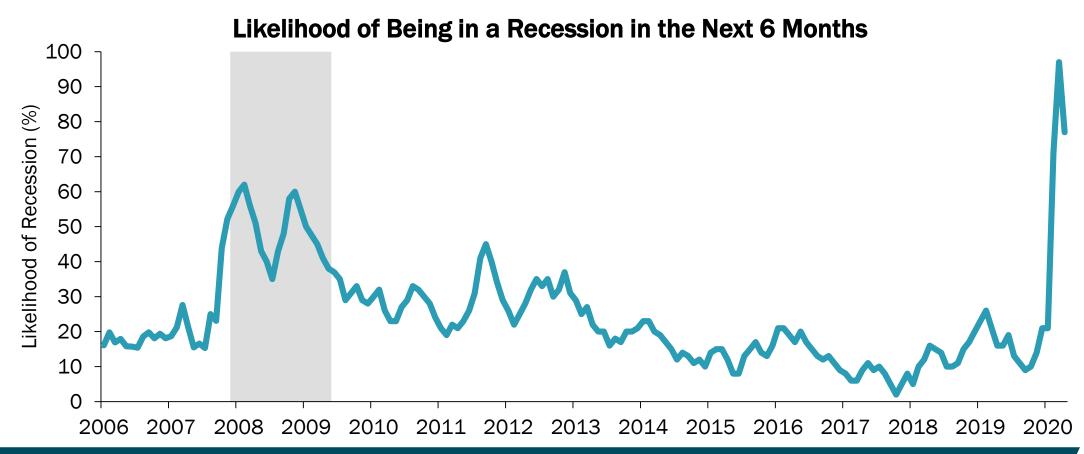


We're at the end of the longest business cycle (contraction and expansion) and the longest expansion, while experiencing the longest recession since measurement began

Length of:				1958- 1960	1961- 1969	1970- 1973		1980- 1981		1991- 2001	2002- 2007	2007- 2020	2020- ?
Contraction	8	11	10	8	10	11	16	6	16	8	8	18	?
Expansion	37	45	39	24	106	36	58	12	92	120	73	128	
Business													
Cycle	45	56	49	32	116	47	74	18	108	128	81	146	

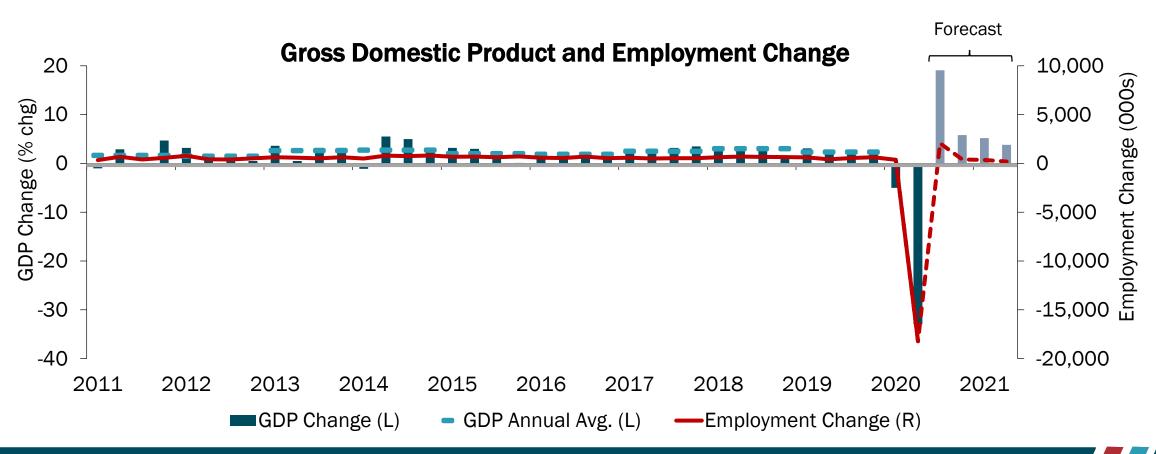


Moody's predictions of a recession are nearly universal: 77% in May



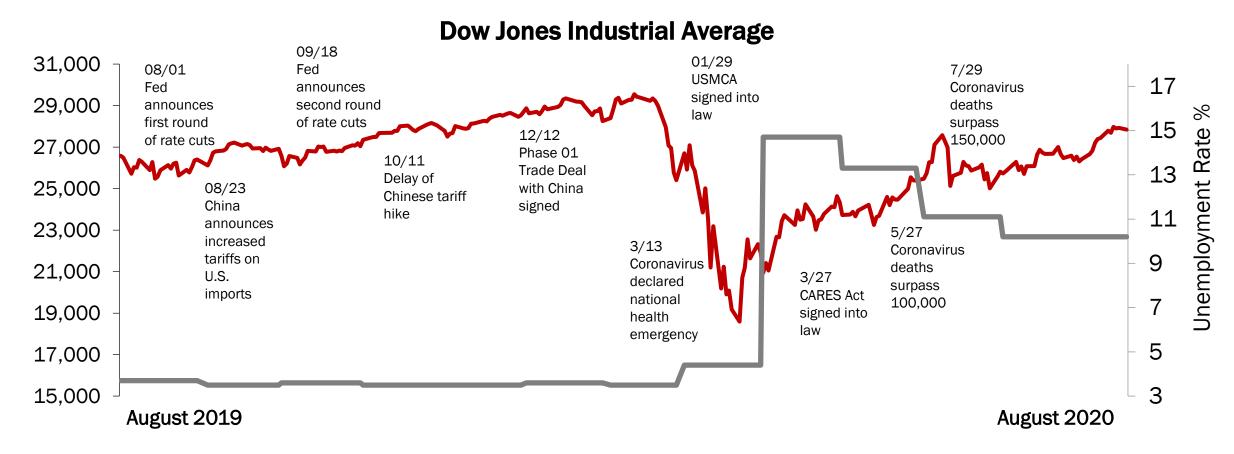


GDP growth was initially projected to remain solid, although employment growth is slowing



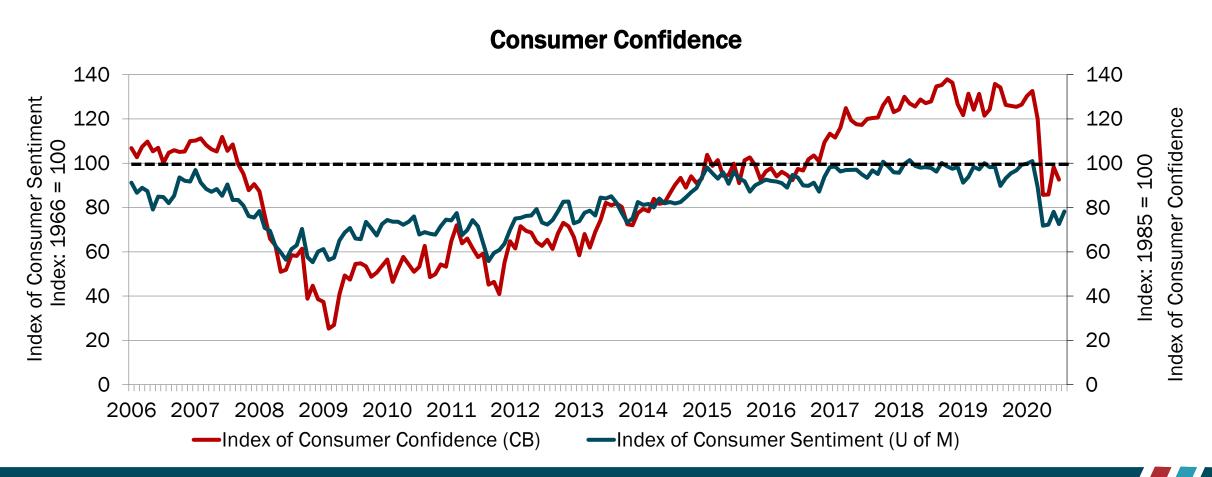


The stock market has reacted to various events this year, and the recent ride has been surprisingly good





Consumer confidence has rebounded slightly



University of Michigan RSQE interim national forecast: note that these estimates are annualized

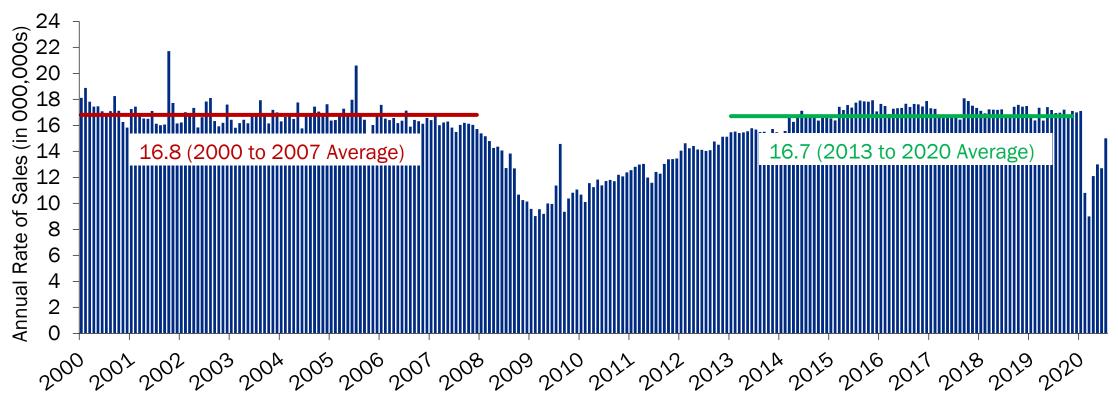
	2019	2020 (Forecast)	2021 (Forecast)	
GDP	2.3%	-2.9%	3.7%	
Employment	1.3%	-8.5%	3.0%	
Light Vehicle Sales (Millions)	16.9	13.3	15.2	
Unemployment Rate	3.7%	10.5%	7.8%	
Housing Starts (Millions)	1.30	1.01	1.09	
CPI/Inflation	1.8%	0.4%	1.64%	





Light vehicle sales are starting to drop; will work from home change consumption patterns?

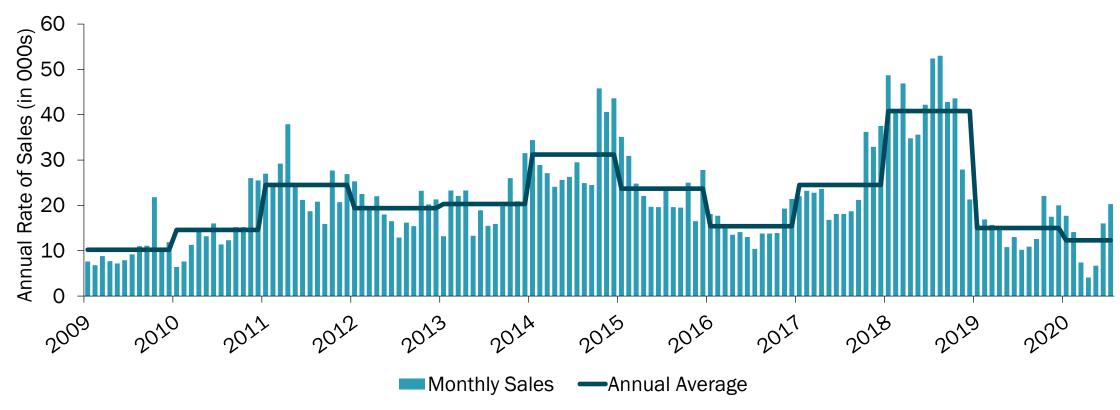
Annualized Rate of U.S. Light Vehicle Sales (in millions)





Class 8 Truck Orders continue to rebound as freight volumes recover



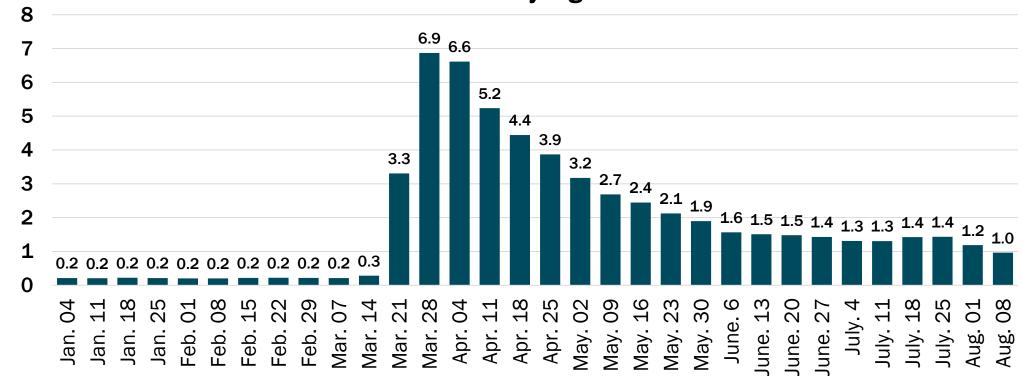




The number of UI filings have been trending downward: today's number is 1.1 million

Weekly initial claim filings for unemployment insurance are slowing, but remain at historically high levels

Number of Claims in millions (seasonally adjusted)





Forecast Methodology

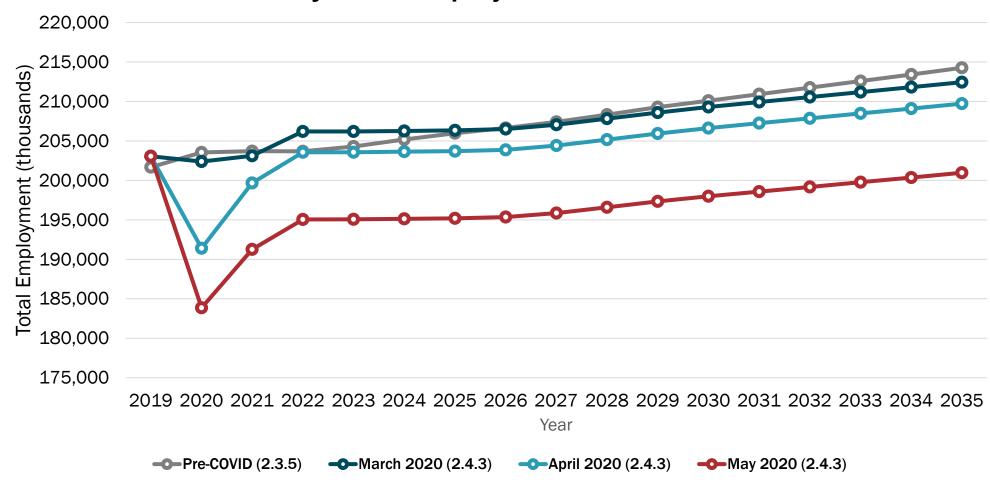
Methodology

- Upjohn uses a REMI model (www.REMI.com)
 - To estimate economic impacts from projects and events
 - Forecast national and regional changes in trends
- As new forecasts were produced the latest REMI model was updated
 - National forecast is updated
 - Regional forecasts are updated
 - Forecasts come from:
 - Research Seminar in Quantitative Economics at U of M
 - Congressional Budget Office (CBO)



National Economy: REMI Forecasts

Total Projected Employment in United States





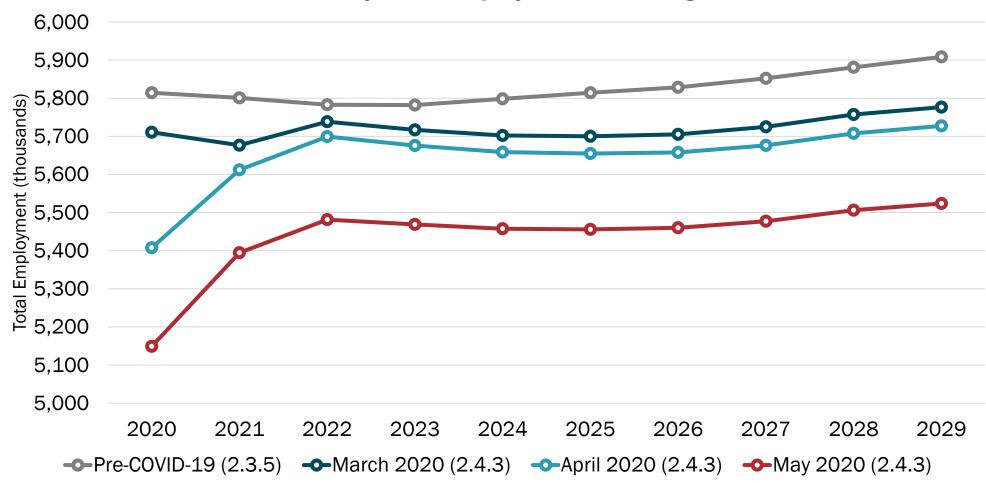
Michigan Economy: REMI Forecasts

Michigan

- Summary: Pre-COVID-19
 - Jobs: 5.71 million jobs
 - Output: \$1031.87 billion
 - GSP: \$526.84 billion
 - Personal income: \$503.31 billion
- Projected annualized loss of almost 665k (11.4%) positions
- Location Quotients
 - Manufacturing (all): 1.7
 - Furniture: 1.9
 - Motor Vehicles: 6.4
 - Machinery MFG: 2.4
 - Fabricated Metals: 1.9



Total Projected Employment in Michigan





West Michigan Economy: REMI Forecasts

West Michigan

Summary Pre-COVID-19

• Jobs: 546K

• Output: \$92 billion

• GRP: \$46.2 billion

Personal Income: \$39.2 billion

Projected annualized loss of more than 90k (15.8%) positions

Location Quotients

• Manufacturing: 2.46

• Machinery MFG: 3.06

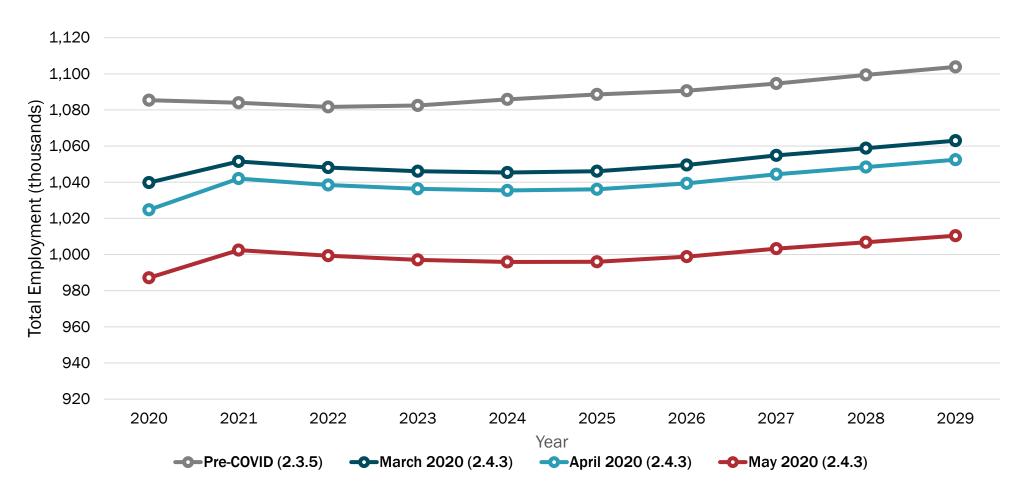
• Motor Vehicles: 5.43

• Furniture: 6.35

Plastics and Rubber MFG: 3.57

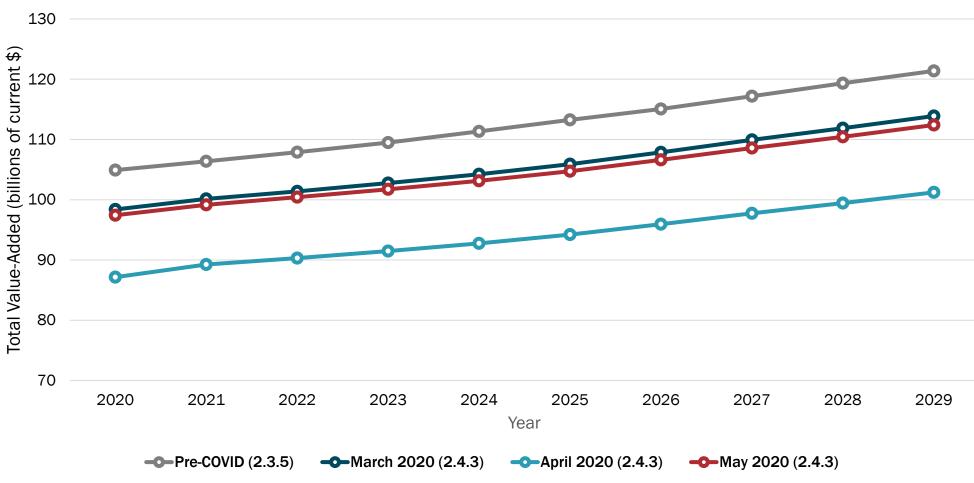


Total Projected Employment in West Michigan



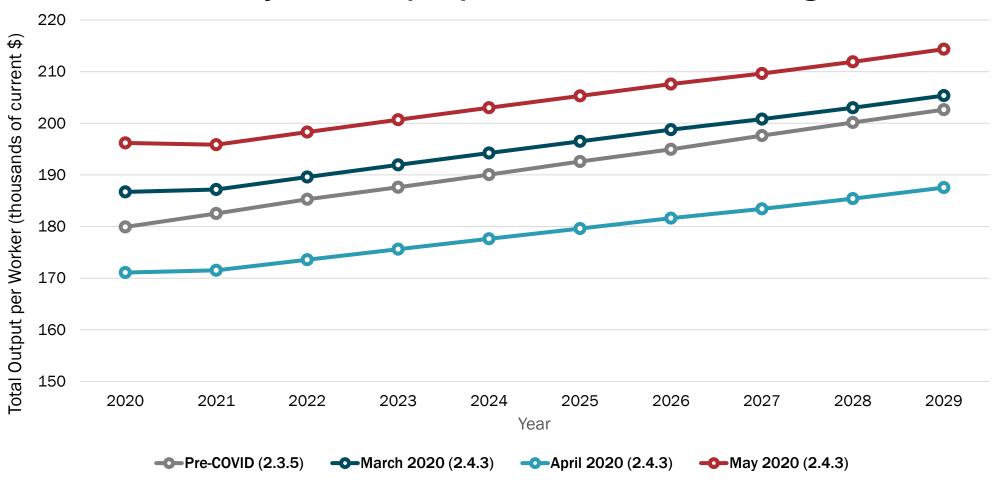


Total Projected Value-Added in West Michigan





Total Projected Output per Worker in West Michigan





Moving Forward

Considerations for the Future of the Economy

- The shape of the recovery curve?
- Will temporary become permanent?
 - Trends in WARN data
- Supply versus demand?
 - SME's
- What will be the impact of a second wave?
- Is reshoring real?
 - Supply chain issues
- How will technology impact employment?
- Will people go back to work?
 - What will Congress do about expiration of the additional \$600 UI benefit
 - Fear of contracting COVID-19
 - Barriers, notably childcare and school openings, in returning



Questions?

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